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AP European History
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AP European History – Summer Assignments 2017

New Students to Lincoln High School

Welcome to LHS! It's not easy moving during your high school years, and I hope your transition is smooth and a positive experience. Please send me an email as soon as you register for the AP European History class so I can provide some basic instructions to help take the guesswork out of the summer assignments. Most likely, you will not have access to Schoology, so prioritize assignments #2 and #3. We'll work on getting you up to speed with the textbook assignments as soon as possible.

Assignment List Instructions

The following three assignments are to be completed prior to your first day of AP European History class in August (time management is key!):

1. **Read Ch. 12**, European Society in the Age of Renaissance, in *A History of Western Society*, McKay, 11th edition. (Ch. 12 is available as a PDF on Schoology)
 - Print the Ch. 12 PowerPoint slides and annotate the slides as you read.
 - “Identify Key Terms” and “Review the Main Ideas” (page 388): write answers on a separate sheet of paper and staple it to your PowerPoint annotations. Be prepared to discuss these main ideas in class.
 - You will be able to use these notes on the Ch. 12 quiz
2. **Read Machiavelli's *The Prince***. It is available online at <http://www.constitution.org/mac/prince00.htm>
 - Respond to the questions and **upload your responses through the turnitin app on Schoology**. All work that is submitted should substantially be your own. Your similarity match should be less than 20%.
 1. How does Machiavelli view human nature? Provide examples in your explanation.
 2. Compare and contrast the different ways in which a prince can rise to power.
 3. Do you think Machiavelli's 'realistic' advice to aspiring leaders is accurate? What particular advice do you find good or bad? Explain?
 4. In Ch. 18, Machiavelli discusses the need for a prince to have two natures, a fox and a lion. Why does he say a prince needs both?
 5. Machiavelli argues that a leader should be both loved and feared, but that if you have to pick one, pick fear. Explain.
 6. In Ch. 18 Machiavelli says that “the vulgar (common people) are always taken by appearances and by results, and the world is made up of the vulgar...” This sums up his philosophy for rulers that the ends justify the means. Do you agree? Explain.
 7. How would Machiavelli define the concept of justice? Provide examples in your explanation.
 8. Machiavelli distinguishes between appearance and reality, can we sum up his ideas as follows: “Never mind reality, image is everything.”? Is this good advice in politics or private life?
 9. Who, among politicians and rulers of our era, can be considered a ‘good’ student of Machiavelli's teaching? Can we blame this person for his or her actions? On what grounds can we do so?
 10. How much of the Prince is relevant to contemporary society in an age when monarchy is no longer the primary form of government? Provide examples in your explanation.

3. **Study the Map of Europe** with an emphasis on the locations listed below. You just finished taking Geography your freshman year so this should be pretty simple. There is no written assignment to go with this, just make sure to study the locations below and prepare for a quiz within the first two weeks of class in August. A great way to study the map of Europe is at <https://lizardpoint.com/>. Click on “test your geography knowledge - clickable map quizzes”, then in the second box down on the left find the map of Europe quiz.

Countries:

Albania
Andorra
Armenia
Austria
Azerbaijan
Belarus
Belgium
Bosnia and Herzegovina
Bulgaria
Croatia
Cyprus
Czech Republic
Denmark
Estonia
Finland
France
Georgia
Germany
Greece
Hungary
Iceland
Ireland
Italy
Kazakhstan
Kosovo
Latvia

Liechtenstein

Lithuania
Luxembourg
Macedonia
Malta
Moldova
Monaco
Montenegro
Netherlands
Norway
Poland
Portugal
Romania
Russia
San Marino
Slovakia
Slovenia
Serbia
Spain
Sweden
Switzerland
Turkey
Ukraine
United Kingdom
- England, Scotland,
Wales, Northern Ireland
Vatican City

Territories:

Corsica (France)
Crete (Greece)
Elba (Italy)
Faroe Islands (Denmark)
Gibraltar (UK)
Kaliningrad (Russia)
Sardinia (Italy)
Sicily (Italy)

Bodies of Water:

Adriatic Sea
Aegean Sea
Atlantic Ocean
Baltic Sea
Bay of Biscay
Black Sea
Caspian Sea
Dardanelles
English Channel
Ionian Sea
Irish Sea
Mediterranean Sea
North Sea
Norwegian Sea
Strait of Gibraltar
Tyrrhenian Sea

